

COMPLIMENTED FOR THE MILWAUKEE EXPLOSION BY JAS. B. M'NAMARA

McManigal Testifying Before Grand Jury Tells of His Work.

CHICAGO PLANS ALSO UNFOLDED

Confessed Dynamiter Says That He and McNamara Went There to do a Big Job, Found Dynamite Frozen and Placed it on Radiator to Thaw Out.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 22.—Orville E. McManigal, testifying in the dynamite trial today confessed to more explosions, declaring he blew up non-union works at Milwaukee, Omaha and Springfield, Mo., just before being arrested with James B. McNamara in Detroit. Regarding the Milwaukee explosion the witness said McNamara complimented him for the "best job you ever did."

Joseph Schwartz was arrested today charged with intimidating a witness and was held to the federal grand jury.

THAWED DYNAMITE.

McManigal's story of finding his little daughter in the kitchen of his Chicago home playing with eighty one-pound sticks of dynamite which he had left on a radiator to thaw, was told by him. The dynamiter testified that he and James B. McNamara had gone to Chicago to blow up non-union works in February, 1911, but when they reached Chicago from Indianapolis they found the explosive frozen.

At James B.'s suggestion he put the dynamite on a radiator and went to look over the proposed job. When he returned, he said, his little daughter was on the floor with the dynamite and James B. the Los Angeles Times dynamiter, was testing a battery on the door bell.

"James B. laughed when he saw my little girl toying with the explosive," said McManigal. He said "tell papa what that is." My little girl replied:

"What, dynamite. I know. It won't hurt me," and kept on playing. She said she had seen boys in a vacant lot kicking about sticks that looked like dynamite. The way J. B. laughed made me mad and I ordered him out of the house.

McManigal said when he and Jas. B. went to South Chicago they found the place of Darryl Furnace so brilliant they did not do as much damage as they intended, placing only two bombs instead of four.

STOLE 1,200 POUNDS.
Stealing 1,200 pounds of dynamite, hiding it in a shed at Tiffin, Ohio, and then in suit cases transporting on passenger trains to Indianapolis was an experience related by McManigal.

Confident that the agitation over the Los Angeles explosion would "blow over," and that James B. McNamara would be able to do more "jobs," McManigal added, plans were begun in January, 1911, to carry on the dynamite campaign with zeal.

"When I reported to J. J. McNamara how easy it had been to steal the dynamite from a store at Tiffin, Ohio, and store it in my father's shed at Tiffin, he was pleased," said McManigal. I brought him several suit cases of dynamite as a sample and he locked it up in a vault at the office of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers. J. J. said he would send James B. over to help me carry it. We brought it in such quantities that J. J. said he could store it all in the live workmen's office.

"We had about 1,200 pounds. It was decided to rent a barn. We rented a barn in West Washington street in Indianapolis, owned by Daniel Jones. Jones helped us get a piano box, barrels and sawdust in which we packed the explosive. We told him we were storing some letters but I took care to ask whether any children played about the barn."

Having the new supply of explosive

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JOHN SCHRANK IS INSANE SAY THE ALIENISTS

Unanimous in Their Report That Man Who Shot Col. Roosevelt is Unfit to Confer With Lawyers Conducting His Trial.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 22.—The commission of alienists investigating as to the mental condition of John Schrank, who shot Col. Roosevelt, today reported unanimously that he was insane.

Conclusions reached by the commission are as follows:
First, John Schrank is suffering from insane delusions, grandiose in character and of a systematized variety.

Second, in our opinion he is insane at the present time.

Third, on account of the connection existing between his delusions and the act with which he stands charged, we are of the opinion he is unable to confer intelligently with counsel on the conduct of his defense.

Richard Dewey, M. D., Chairman.
W. F. Becker, M. D.
D. W. Harrington, M. D.
Frank Stedley, M. D.
William F. Wicker, M. D., Commissioners.

GIRL'S CASE TO THE JURY TODAY

Prosecuting Attorney Announces That Arguments in Farley Murder Trial Will Be Concluded.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Columbus, Ohio, Nov. 22.—Prosecuting Attorney Turner announced that arguments in the trial of Miss Cecilia Farley, charged with killing Alvin E. Zollinger, would not be completed until tomorrow, when the case probably would reach the jury.

In beginning the state's plea to the jury, Assistant Prosecutor Price declared impossible the manner in which the defense claims that Zollinger was "accidentally shot."

"The best evidence that he was not 'accidentally shot,'" said Price, "was that the wound was in the back of his head, that he fell forward on his face, and that when he was first found a raincoat was hanging over his left arm, while his right arm was grasping an umbrella."

Attorney John L. Allen, for the defense, declared in his plea that Zollinger had met death while attempting to commit murder, then suicide. He claimed that the state had not proved that Miss Farley had not drawn the pistol.

FRED SNODGRASS IS BEING SUE

Although Married For Three Years He Is Being Sued By Girl for Breaking Engagement.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Los Angeles, Nov. 22.—Fred Snodgrass, coauthor of the New York nationalities, though married for three years, is defendant in a breach of promise suit filed here.

Nellie K. Franks asks damages of seventy-five thousand dollars for an alleged breach of engagement in 1908.

WILL ADJUST DIFFERENCES ON THE HARRIMAN LINES

Houston, Tex., Nov. 22.—Dr. Charles P. Nett, United States commissioner of labor arrived in Houston this morning from Washington to begin the work of adjusting differences between the Harriman lines and their conductors and trainmen between El Paso and New Orleans.

teenth precinct polling place, that, whereas the defendant election officials swore that the entire vote, 529 was cast in favor of proposed constitutional amendment No. 11, known as the "grandfather clause" the grand jury count of the vote shows 212 votes in favor of the amendment and 317 votes against it.

There were 19 proposed amendments to the state constitution voted on in the recent election. All but one of the amendments which received the endorsement of the so-called "ring" in New Orleans were adopted, the others being rejected. In numerous instances in this city the election officials placed the entire vote of the precinct for or against an amendment, whereas the grand jury investigation has shown that the actual count was quite different.

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NO PROGRESS IS MADE TOWARDS SECURING PEACE

Bulgarians and Turks Continue Fighting Along Tchatalja Lines.

BULGARIANS LOSE SEVERAL THOUSAND

Servian Forces are Advancing. But Meeting With Great Hardships—London Diplomats Believe a Power Behind the Scenes is Working to Effect a Compromise.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

London, Nov. 22.—No visible progress has been made toward peace in the Balkans. The artillery fire and infantry reconnaissance continue along the Tchatalja lines. Naim Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, reported an infantry battle in front of his position, resulting in the loss of several thousand Bulgarians. The report is not generally credited. The situation elsewhere in the war zone is unchanged.

The Servian forces are advancing Adriaticward and meeting with great hardships as snow has covered the mountains. Bulgarians have occupied Dodegatch, the terminus of the Saloniki railroad on the Aegean sea. Diplomats here believe a power behind the scenes is working to effect a compromise between the belligerents. Vienna dispatches say the Albanians will proclaim independence tomorrow at Durazzo.

DEFIANT REPLY OF TURKS.

"Come and take them"—the defiant reply of the Turks to the demand made by the allies for the evacuation of the occupation zone of Constantinople, at Tchatalja in front of Constantinople, is not believed in diplomatic circles necessarily to mean the end of negotiations for an armistice even though fighting has been resumed.

From Sofia today comes word that the victorious invaders are likely to modify their conditions. The European powers at the same time are exerting themselves to induce the nations composing the Balkan league to bring their terms more into line with the facts of the situation and to arrange a treaty which will give them all they have conquered but will leave out that which has not been conquered.

Compared with its earlier disastrous experiences, the Turkish army evidently now considers itself in a favorable position. Military experts here see in the temporary failure of the projected Bulgarian rush into Constantinople signs of a reaction among the invaders after their sustained efforts of the past month.

Inasmuch as the Ottoman capital, even if captured, must ultimately be evacuated in accordance with the decree of the great powers, it appears that the allies have nothing to gain by insisting on the surrender of the lines which form virtually the gates of the city. Hence the hope expressed by diplomats that this demand will be withdrawn. In this case it was thought that Turkey, recognizing that she has no prospect of taking the offensive for the recovery of her lost territory, would quickly conclude that she has nothing to gain by continuing the conflict. She would perhaps agree to enter into negotiations on the basis of a surrender of all but a reasonable strip of territory at the back of Constantinople, the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus.

The announcement from Sofia this afternoon of the appointment of Bulgarian plenipotentiaries to discuss the terms of an armistice with the Turkish envoys tends to confirm the contention of diplomats that the Ottoman rejection of the first terms proposed by Bulgaria has not barred the door to further negotiations. Even the Ottoman embassy here agrees that if the "exorbitant" demand for the evacuation of the famous Tchatalja line of fortifications is dropped, the principal obstacle to the discussion of terms will be removed.

REJECTION COMMUNICATED TO BULGARIAN GOVERNMENT

Constantinople, Nov. 22.—Rejection by Turkey of the conditions offered for an armistice between the opposing armies has been communicated to the Bulgarian government.

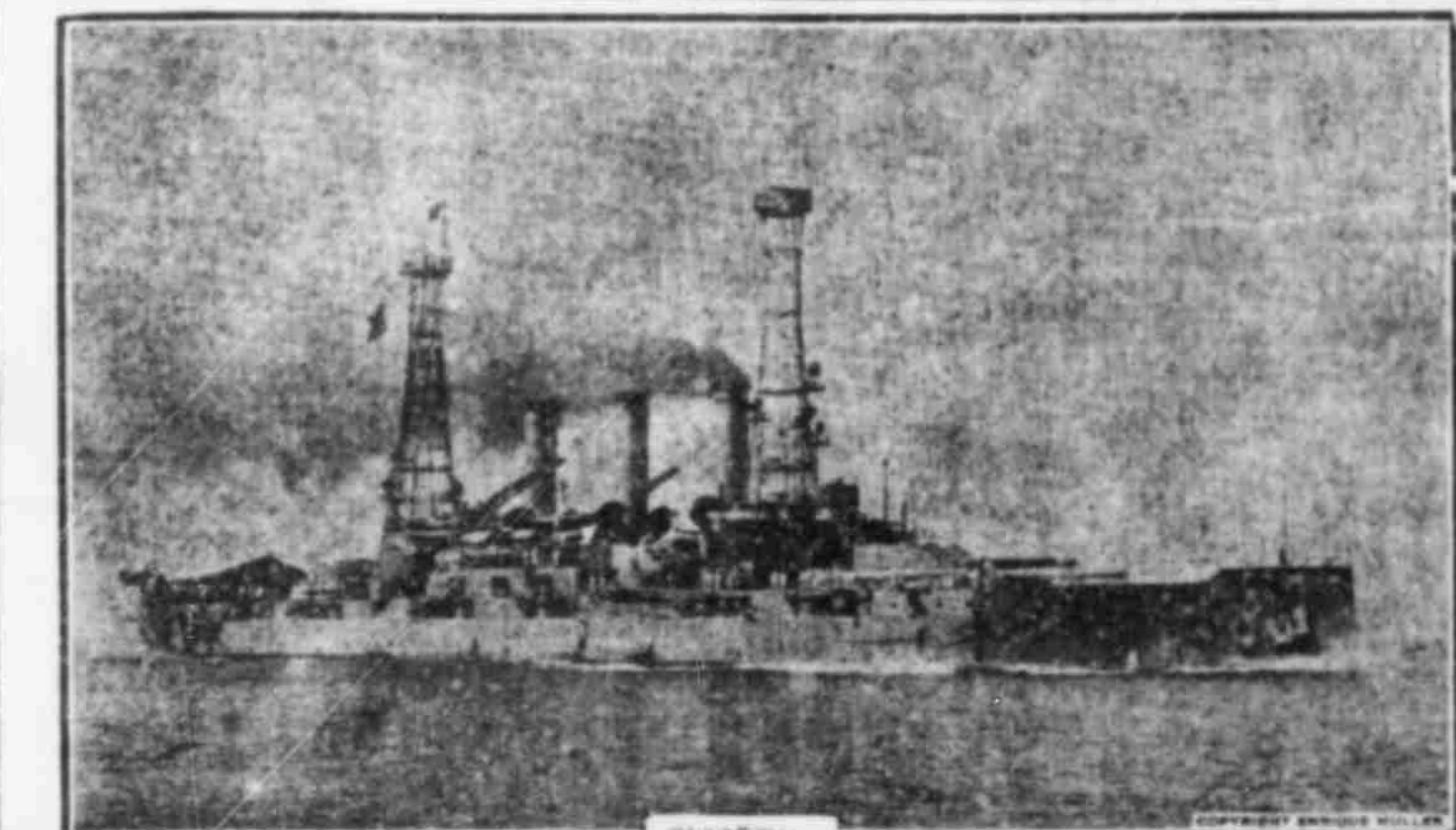
One of the causes for their rejection was the option held in official circles in Constantinople that the conditions proposed by the allies deprived the Turks of the possibility of resuming hostilities in the event of the plenipotentiaries failing to settle terms. This, from the Turkish point of view, meant no armistice at all. Such conditions, it is held here, are only made when it is a question of the preliminaries of peace and by accepting such terms as those presented by the allies Turkey would be binding herself hand and foot.

It is further insisted that Turkey has not sunk to that degree of impotency

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OFFICERS AND MEN ABOARD FOUR MODERN BATTLESHIPS OF THE SPECIAL DIVISION ARE OFFICIALLY WELCOMED TO PENSACOLA

BATTLESHIP MINNESOTA, FLAGSHIP OF THE SPECIAL DIVISION, NOW IN THE HARBOR



SHIPMENTS TO CANAL ZONE, PORTO RICO AND THE PHILIPPINES ARE NO LONGER COASTWISE COMMERCE

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Washington, Nov. 22.—The interstate commerce commission today announced its withdrawal of a recent administrative ruling that shipments to Porto Rico, the canal zone and the Philippines were coastwise commerce. Enforcement of the ruling have barred foreign ships from carrying American products to these islands.

"On November 11, 1912, the commission voted that shipments destined from points in the United States to

CREW OF BATTLESHIP DELAWARE MAKES A CLEAN SWEEP IN THE BOAT RACES

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Charlestown, S. C., Nov. 22.—The crew of the battleship Delaware made a clean sweep in the boat race in the last regular feature in the entertainment this week for the officers and

OFFICIAL VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

The official vote for congressman in the Third district in the recent general election as received by Hon. Emmet Wilson last night from the Secretary of State follows:

Counties—	Wilson	McGowan	Porter	Lamberry
Calhoun	288	18	18	84
Beaufort	1,646	30	70	82
Franklin	239	30	5	18
Gadsden	641	26	7	10
Holmes	524	22	19	23
Jackson	1,321	60	45	121
Jefferson	429	25	7	6
Leon	547	28	6	5
Liberty	215	20	5	4
Madison	478	5	4	4
Santa Rosa	732	39	14	60
Vakula	245	12	8	14
Walton	567	40	25	45
Washington	779	61	50	169
Totals	9,067	439	290	469

DEPARTMENT WILL SHOW A DEFICIT

Hitchcock Says This Has Been Brought About by Franked Political Matter During Last Quarter.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Washington, Nov. 22.—The postal deficit in 1912 will be approximately one million and three quarters, instead of a surplus of more than a million, according to a statement by Postmaster-General Hitchcock today, caused by franked political matter.

He estimated that between seven and eight million pounds of such matter had been carried free by the mails during the last quarter of the fiscal year, consisting of speeches and other political material.

NON-CONFORMISTS CAN NOW SECURE DEGREES

Cambridge, Eng., Nov. 22.—A step of immense importance to non-conformists was taken by the University senate here today when it agreed by a vote of 425 against 225 to rescind the regulation debarbing the non-conformist of the degree of doctor of divinity on non-conformists.

HEARING CASE AGAINST THE STEEL CORPORATION

Washington, Nov. 22.—Luther Constant, Jr., commissioner of corporations, was the first witness today at the hearing in the dissolution suit of the government against the United States Steel Corporation. The commissioner produced a mass of statistical tables. The first of these presented purportedly to give stock market quotations on stocks of various companies which have become affiliated with the United States Steel Corporation.

TELLS BURGLARS NOT TO DAMAGE HIS SAFE

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 22.—A Hariman, Tenn., special says that on a result of the operations of fugitives over the state, H. T. Mitchell, a merchant has hung this sign on his safe.

"This safe is not locked." Should his store be visited by burglars, he figures he will at least not have to buy a new safe.

DEMOCRATS CAN STAY IN POWER FOR 20 YEARS

So Declares W. F. McCombs, Who Says the National Committee Can be a Powerful Factor by Establishing Permanent Offices.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Savannah, Ga., Nov. 22.—William F. McCombs, chairman of the national democratic committee, said today he could see no reason "why the democratic party should not remain in power for twenty years."

By the national committee opening a permanent office in Washington and maintaining a permanent office in New York, he said the committee could always continue the work, and be a powerful factor in the party. Mr. McCombs left tonight for Atlanta.

DEFENSE FUND FOR THE DYNAMITERS

American Federation of Labor Will Raise Money for the Men on Trial at Indianapolis.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Rochester, Nov. 22.—The American Federation of Labor, in convention here, decided today to ask its affiliated union to raise a defense fund for the alleged dynamiters now on trial in Indianapolis.

The motion was carried by almost twelve to one. The resolutions also urged union men not to be influenced because of certain corporations and a private detective agency who are "clamoring for a conviction."

Other resolutions adopted favor the initiative, referendum and recall, popular election of United States senators, repeal or amendment of the Sherman law to prevent the prosecution of labor unions under its provisions.

An official statement of the Federation's attitude toward the dynamiting case said the Federation is not seeking to condone the crime, but merely trying to insure a fair trial of the accused.

MORGAN IS A WITNESS BUT CASE IS POSTPONED

New York, Nov. 22.—Hearing in the suit of Thornton N. Motley, against the Southern Railway Company, at which J. Pierpont Morgan was under court order to testify today, was postponed, owing to the indisposition of Mr. Morgan.

It was stated that the financier, suffering from a cold, was unable to appear. Counsel for Mr. Motley desired testimony from Mr. Morgan in regard to the absorption of the Georgia Pacific Railway by the Southern Railway.

No further changes are contemplated.

Officials of City and Port Pay Call on Rear Admiral Frank F. Fletcher.

CALL IS RETURNED IN THE AFTERNOON

Greetings Exchanged and the Admiral and His Fleet Given a Hearty Welcome—Admiral Pleased With the Fine Harbor and the Summer-Like Climate That Now Prevails.

Admiral Frank F. Fletcher and the officers and men of the battleship squadron were officially welcomed to Pensacola yesterday morning by Capt. W. H. Northrup, collector of customs; Mayor Frank Kelly, C. E. Dobson, president of the Commercial Association; Lieutenant Young, of the revenue cutter service and a delegation of business men. They boarded the cutter Penrose at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon at Palafox wharf and proceeded out to the battleships.

They first boarded the battleship Minnesota, flagship of the division, where they were received by Admiral Fletcher. After an exchange of greetings and general conversation Admiral Fletcher expressed his pleasure at the summer-like climate here and also referred to the beauty of the harbor.

The visitors also went aboard the other three battleships, returning to the city about 12 o'clock. Admiral Fletcher returned the call in the afternoon, arriving at the city hall at 2:30 o'clock. He was accompanied by Captain Simpson, of the Minnesota, and Lieutenant Clegg Rowan, flag lieutenant to the admiral. They were received in the office of the mayor. Those present when the admiral called were Mayor Kelly, W. H. Northrup, C. E. Dobson, Lieutenant Young and the other gentlemen who had visited the ships.

THE ITINERARY

The itinerary of the fleet is as follows:
Leave Pensacola November 28.
Arrive at New Orleans November 27; leave December 4.
Arrive at Galveston December 6; leave December 16.
Arrive at Vera Cruz, Mexico, December 12; leave December 14.
From Vera Cruz the fleet will proceed to Key West, where the vessels will coal from a collier and leave for Hampton Roads to join the Atlantic fleet.

WANTED BILLS PUT IN CIRCULATION

Former Teller in Sub-Treasury at Chicago Desired Two \$1,000 Bills Placed in Bank.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Nov. 22.—Direct testimony that George W. Fitzgerald, former teller in the sub-treasury and now on trial for the alleged theft of \$172,000 from the government, offered to put two \$1,000 bills in circulation, was given today by Col. Harry C. Gano, former superintendent of a cold storage concern. He declared that he had been approached by Fitzgerald, who introduced himself as "the man they claim stole \$172,000 from the sub-treasury."

Colonel Gano said that in a conversation some months after the loss of the money, Fitzgerald said to him: "Colonel Gano, you have been offering me several propositions. I have one to offer that beats yours. You remember I told you the government had no record of the missing bills? I'll give you two \$1,000 bills. Put them in your bank along with the rest of the first currency. Let them lie a couple of weeks. If nothing comes of it, I'll split with you. If anything does come of it, you need say nothing about my giving them to you."

Ask For Resignation of Assistant Treasurer of the United States

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Washington, Nov. 22.—Secretary MacVane today asked for the resignation of Gideon C. Bantz as assistant treasurer of the United States, because he is said not to be in sympathy with the administrative policy of the secretary of the treasury. Mr. Bantz will be succeeded by Christian S. Pearce, of the division of banks, loans and postal savings.

The resignation of Mr. Bantz, following so closely that of Treasurer Lee McClung, is admittedly part of a plan of reorganization of the treasury's office by Secretary MacVane. The secretary today declared he intended to leave the treasury's office in an "up-to-date progressive" condition for the incoming democratic administration.

Mr. Bantz, a native of Baltimore, became assistant treasurer in 1908, having previously been assistant cashier of the treasury. His successor, Mr. Pearce is from Nashville, Tenn., and has been connected with the treasury department since the first administration of President Cleveland.

Another Sensation Unearthed By Grand Jury in New Orleans

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

New Orleans, Nov. 22.—Another sensation was added this morning in the grand jury investigation of alleged frauds committed by election officials in the recent general election, when indictments were returned against Arthur H. Brown, United States commissioner; G. Frohman and J. P. Laque, charging false and fraudulent certification of the vote in the thirteenth precinct of the third ward of New Orleans.

This makes a total of twenty election officials of the city indicted by the grand jury, which has barely begun its investigation.

In the indictment returned against the United States commissioner and the two others named, it is stated that 229 votes were cast at the thirteenth